



Guideline for the management of a maternal death

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Maternal deaths in the UK are rare but require careful and sensitive management when they occur. It is important to recognise the personal tragedy, sadness and grief for the family but also the impact on staff who are unlikely to be experienced in giving care in these circumstances.

2.0 Objective

The aim of the guideline is to assist professionals in ensuring effective management in the rare event of a maternal death. This guideline details the immediate actions to be taken following a maternal death. It is intended to assist professionals working within the Trust to ensure that the appropriate people and agencies have been notified, the correct processes have been initiated and also identify the support mechanisms and avenues for ongoing communication for the family and the staff involved.

3.0 Scope

This guideline applies to all staff caring for a woman and her family following a maternal death. This may include:

- Chaplaincy Department
- Bereavement Officers
- Pathology and Mortuary staff
- Site matron and trust on call team
- Maternity manager on call

4.0 Actions to be taken following a maternal death

4.1 Immediate actions

The Obstetric Consultant and Maternity Manager on call should be asked to attend, if not already present. The Site Matron must also be informed and both silver and gold on-call. In working hours, the Head of Midwifery (HoM) or Deputy Head of Midwifery (DHoM) must always be informed.

The Obstetric Consultant will assist in the completion of any clinical procedures in progress e.g. caesarean section.

It must be determined whether the service is able to provide safe care to other women in the immediate time following the maternal death as it is likely to be unexpected. Input from the full multidisciplinary team (MDT) will be required. If necessary, the escalation policy should be initiated.

When a maternal death occurs, if not already present, the next of kin must be informed. This duty must be undertaken by the Maternity Manager on call, Consultant Obstetrician or Trust Silver on call.

The Mortuary department should be informed that a maternal death has occurred and to expect the patient.

The Patient Relatives Officer must be made aware of the death by telephone (Ext 1393). They will require the patient's name, date of birth and next of kin contact details. The Patient



Relatives Officer will then inform the Medical Examiner's office of the death via a paper

In hours, the Obstetric Consultant together with the HoM or DHoM will meet with the relatives. Out of hours, the Obstetric Consultant on call will be accompanied by the Maternity Manager, to answer any immediate questions. In very urgent circumstances out of hours the Birthing Centre Co-ordinator will accompany the Obstetric Consultant to talk to relatives. If activity on the labour ward is high and the Birthing centre Co-ordinator is unavailable asking the Site Matron to support until the Maternity Manager on call is on site may be the appropriate action to take.

Verbal duty of candour can be undertaken at this point. If the woman already has a named Consultant, they should be informed by the Consultant on call at the earliest opportunity.

Post Mortem

The Obstetric Consultant present should explain to the woman's next of kin that the death will be referred to the coroner. The coroner will then decide if a post mortem is required. It should be explained to the family that if a post mortem is necessary, it does not require permission from the next of kin.

Coroners

The Medical Examiner's office will obtain the patient records, scrutinise the medical notes and speak to the medical team involved in the patient's care. If a coroner's referral is required, the obstetric medical staff must inform the coroner by email via <u>BarnsleyCoroners@sheffield.gov.uk</u>. The Medical Examiner's office will provide the medical staff with a template to use for the referral. The medical Examiner's office must be copied in to the email (<u>barnsley.medicalexaminersservice@nhs.net</u>)

Death Certificate

The Medical Examiner's office will speak with the family and explain the cause of death. The attending doctor must promptly and accurately complete a death certificate. However, a death certificate cannot be issued without first referring to HM Coroner.

Once the death certificate has been completed the Patient Relatives Officer will send the completed certificate to the Registrar at the town hall.

4.1.2 Death occurring in the trust, outside of the maternity unit

If a maternal death occurs in a Trust department other than maternity e.g. ED or ITU then the Consultant responsible for the patient must ensure that the Consultant Obstetrician; Maternity Manager; Site Matron; Silver and Gold on call are notified.

4.2 Notification of death

Members to be notified after the event:

- 1. If not already present, the Maternity Manager on call will be asked to attend, alongside the obstetric consultant on call to assist with managing the situation and providing support to the staff involved.
- 2. The Head of Midwifery (HOM), or deputy in the absence of the HOM, should be contacted as soon as possible after the event and always if the event takes place in working hours.



- The Maternity Matron will be notified within office hours by the coordinator or Maternity Maternity Manager on call.
- The Lead Obstetrician and the Clinical Director must be contacted as soon as possible by the on-call consultant Obstetrician and always if the event takes place in working hours.
- 5. The HOM, or Deputy HOM, will inform the Director (or deputy) of Nursing and Quality, CEO and Head of Governance within working hours.
- 6. The Lead Midwife for Quality, Safety and Governance will be informed as soon as possible within office hours.
- 7. Clinical managers within the Department should be notified; in case they receive a query in relation to the case.
- 8. If applicable, the community midwife/midwives who were involved in the woman's care should be notified when next working.
- 9. The College Tutor and relevant Educational Supervisor should be informed to provide support for any trainees involved as required. The relevant University will be informed if any students are involved in the care of the mother who has died.
- 10. The woman's GP and Health Visitor should be notified the next working day.
- 11. Any other consultants providing care during the pregnancy e.g. diabetic specialist should also be informed.
- 12. The Neonatal team, as appropriate.

4.3 Last Offices

Please refer to the Trust last offices guidelines <u>Care of an adult patient following death.pdf</u> (trent.nhs.uk)

5.0 Responsibility for Reporting a Maternal Death

5.1 Maternity Governance

A maternal death should be reported as soon as possible via the Datix incident reporting system. A multidisciplinary review of the care to identify immediate learning should occur within 72 hours of the incident occurring. The incident will be presented at the Patient Safety Panel (PSP).

Duty of Candour will be provided to the next of kin and completed on Datix within 10 working days.

Following the multidisciplinary review of the care, the incident will be referred to the Healthcare Safety Investigation Branch (HSIB) for investigation. If HSIB do not investigate the incident this will be discussed at PSP for investigated via the SI/HLR process.

The maternity governance team will be responsible for checking internal systems to review and cancel any forthcoming appointments the deceased had recorded.

5.2 Reporting to MBRRACE

The responsibility for notifying the death to MBRRACE lies with the MBRRACE Lead Clinician. The woman's case notes should be scanned and the original notes tracked to their current location. If the death of the baby has also occurred the local MBRRACE Lead



Clinician must be notified of this. They will advise on information that is required and next

5.2.1 Responsibilities of the MBRRACE Lead Clinician

- When the MBRRACE lead clinician is informed of a maternal death they will contact MBRRACE head office by telephone (01865 289715) to request a confidential enquiry form within two working days.
- In their absence the Governance Midwife can request the form. The MBRRACE lead clinician will complete the enquiry form providing contact details for the relevant clinicians within 2 weeks.
- The governance team will send a copy of the medical records to MBRRACE by registered post within 4 weeks.
- MBRRACE will contact the relevant clinicians requesting further information on the case.

5.3 Registration of the birth of a baby in the event of a maternal death

If there is a live baby then appropriate ongoing care for the newborn infant should be established. A family centred MDT approach to discharge is required. The named Safeguarding midwife, the woman's community midwife and social services should be involved in the care planning prior to discharge.

Regarding Parental Responsibility, in accordance with the Children Act 1989 c.41 Part 1 Section 2:

- If the couple are married the father automatically assumes parental responsibility
- If the couple are <u>not</u> married the father does not have parental responsibility unless he is named on the birth certificate
- If the father does <u>not</u> have parental responsibility the baby must <u>not</u> be discharged home to his care or the care of any other family member as they do <u>not</u> have parental responsibility
- If the couple are in a same sex relationship all of the above applies to the civil partner

5.4 Fetal/Neonatal death

In the event of the death of the baby, the local stillbirth/neonatal death procedure should be followed as per local guidance.

In the event that the baby dies in utero when the mother dies, the baby will be examined at post mortem.

5.5 Bereavement Services

The Patient Relatives Officer will contact the family to explain the process regarding the coroners and the death certificate.

The specialist bereavement midwife may act (if the family wishes) as a point of contact with maternity services and offer advice and support with the ongoing processes such as registering the death, release of the body from hospital, arrangements relating to post mortems and the coroner.



6.0 Roles and responsibilities

6.1 Birthing Centre Co-ordinator

Offer immediate support to staff and the family. Notify all relevant parties as per the instructions in this guideline.

6.2 Obstetric Consultant on call

Offer immediate support to staff and the family. Complete any ongoing clinical procedures. Inform the next of kin and explain referral to the coroner. Complete duty of candour as per trust policy.

6.3 Attending Doctor

to care

Offer support to the family. Refer to the coroner as per the instructions in this guideline. Complete the death certificate.

6.4 Manager on Call

Offer immediate support to staff and the family. Alongside the Obstetric Consultant inform the next of kin.

6.5 Head of Midwifery/Deputy Head of Midwifery

Offer support to staff and the family

6.6 Patient Relatives Officer

Obtain the patient details including the next of kin contact details and share this information via a paper diary with the Medical Examiner's office. Contact the family and discuss the coroners and death certificate process. Send the death certificate to the registrar at the town hall.

6.7 Medical Examiner's Office

Obtain the medical records for the patient and scrutinise the notes for the cause of death. Speak with the medical team involved to agree the cause of death. Advise the medical team regarding making a referral to the coroner and share a template to use. Speak with the family to explain the cause of death.

7.0 Support

Family

Following a maternal death, the family should be offered condolences and receive a debrief as soon as clinically appropriate. The consultant will seek to establish open lines of communication with the family and offer follow up appointments. The relatives must be given the opportunity to ask any questions. The contact details of the specialist Bereavement Midwife will be given to the family.

Relatives may wish to access the Hospital Chaplaincy Services and this request should be facilitated at the first available opportunity. They may require assistance in arranging contact with their own faith leader.





The family must be made aware that a referral to HSIB will be made as per Trust policy and consent gained for this. The family will be offered support throughout the investigation process.

Duty of candour must be completed as per Trust policy.

Staff

The staff involved may require support from their immediate line manager, Professional Midwifery advocate, Occupational Health or GP. They may wish to access counselling services which the Trust will facilitate. If a trainee or locally employed doctor is involved in the incident the educational supervisor/college tutor will offer support and ongoing pastoral care if necessary. The educational supervisor will complete an exception report within 14 days and send it to Medical Education department.

A debrief will be arranged by the Maternity Governance Team for all staff involved as soon as appropriate after the event and then again once all the facts are gathered. Debriefs will be repeated as required.

Ongoing support will be provided by the HOM/DHOM, Managers, Pastoral team, Professional Midwifery Advocates and Maternity Governance Team as required/requested.

8.0 Associated documents and references

BHNFT Clinical guideline for the Management of Stillbirth, Medical Termination of Pregnancy (MTOP) and Early Neonatal Death from 24+0 weeks gestation

BHNFT Clinical guideline for the Management of Late Miscarriage, Medical Termination of Pregnancy (MTOP) and Early Neonatal Death from 20+0 to 23+6 weeks gestation.

SI Policy: <u>https://portal.bdgh-</u> <u>tr.trent.nhs.uk/SiteDirectory/TrustApprovedDocuments/TADDocs/Management%20of</u> <u>%20serious%20incidents.pdf</u>

Last Offices Policy: <u>https://portal.bdgh-</u> tr.trent.nhs.uk/SiteDirectory/TrustApprovedDocuments/TADDocs/Care%20of%20an %20adult%20patient%20following%20death.pdf

Duty of Candour: https://portal.bdghtr.trent.nhs.uk/SiteDirectory/TrustApprovedDocuments/TADDocs/Duty%20of%20Can dour.pdf

9.0 Training and resources

Training will be delivered as outlined in the Maternity Training Needs Analysis. This is updated on an annual basis.



10.0 Caligonitoring and audit

Any adverse incidents relating to the 'Guideline for Maternal Death' will be monitored via the incident reporting system. Any problems will be actioned via the case review and root cause analysis action plans. The action plans are monitored by the risk midwife to ensure that improvements in care are made. The trends and any root cause analysis are discussed at the monthly risk meetings to ensure that appropriate action has been taken to maintain safety.

The 'Guideline for Maternal Death' will be audited in line with the annual audit programme, as agreed by the CBU. The audit action plan will be reviewed at the monthly risk management meetings on a quarterly basis and monitored by the risk midwife to ensure that improvements in care are made.

11.0 Equality and Diversity

The Trust is committed to an environment that promotes equality and embraces diversity in its performance as an employer and service provider. It will adhere to legal and performance requirements and will mainstream equality, diversity and inclusion principles through its policies, procedures and processes. This guideline should be implemented with due regard to this commitment.

To ensure that the implementation of this guideline does not have an adverse impact in response to the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 this policy has been screened for relevance during the policy development process and a full equality impact assessment is conducted where necessary prior to consultation. The Trust will take remedial action when necessary to address any unexpected or unwarranted disparities and monitor practice to ensure that this policy is fairly implemented.

This guideline can be made available in alternative formats on request including large print, Braille, moon, audio, and different languages. To arrange this please refer to the Trust translation and interpretation policy in the first instance.

The Trust will endeavor to make reasonable adjustments to accommodate any employee/patient with particular equality, diversity and inclusion requirements in implementing this guideline. This may include accessibility of meeting/appointment venues, providing translation, arranging an interpreter to attend appointments/meetings, extending policy timeframes to enable translation to be undertaken, or assistance with formulating any written statements.

11.1 Recording and Monitoring of Equality & Diversity

The Trust understands the business case for equality, diversity and inclusion and will make sure that this is translated into practice. Accordingly, all guidelines will be monitored to ensure their effectiveness.

Monitoring information will be collated, analysed and published on an annual basis as part of Equality Delivery System. The monitoring will cover the nine protected characteristics and will meet statutory employment duties under the Equality Act 2010. Where adverse impact is identified through the monitoring process the Trust will investigate and take corrective action to mitigate and prevent any negative impact.





Appendix 1

Glossary of terms

List all terms/acronyms used within the document and provide a summary of what they mean.

Appendix 2 (must always be the last appendix)

Maintain a record of the document history, reviews and key changes made (including versions and dates)

Version	Date	Comments	Author

Review Process Prior to Ratification:

Name of Group/Department/Committee	Date
Reviewed by Maternity Guideline Group	N/A
Reviewed at Women's Business and Governance meeting	20/01/2023
Approved by CBU 3 Overarching Governance Meeting	22/02/2023
Approved at Trust Clinical Guidelines Group	N/A
Approved at Medicines Management Committee (if document relates to medicines)	N/A





Trust Approved Documents (policies, clinical guidelines and procedures)

Approval Form

Please complete the following information and attach to your document when submitting a policy, clinical guideline or procedure for approval.

Document type (policy, clinical guideline or procedure)	Clinical Guideline
Document title	Guideline for the management of a maternal death
Document author	Head of Midwifery, Governance Midwife
(Job title and team)	
New or reviewed document	Reviewed
	Midwifery
List staff groups/departments consulted with during document development	Obstetrics
	Medical Examiners Office
Approval recommended by (meeting and dates):	22/02/2023
Date of next review (maximum 3 years)	22/02/2026
Key words for search criteria on intranet (max 10 words)	
Key messages for staff (consider changes from previous versions and any impact on patient safety)	
I confirm that this is the <u>FINAL</u> version of this document	Name: Jade Carritt Designation: Governance Midwife





FOR COMPLETION BY THE CLINICAL GOVERNANCE TEAM

Approved by (group/committee):

CBU3 Overarching Governance

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